

#### Part No. 7500 (Liquid)

Print Date: 08/10/2019 Revision Date: 10/8/2019 Supersedes Date: 12/11/2017 Issue Date: 6/7/2006 Version: 10.0 (EN)-US Page: 1/13

# Per-Fix™ Black for Polypropylene

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

## **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION**

## 1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name: Per-Fix™ Black for PolypropyleneManufacturer Product Number: 7500AAA, 7500AA, 7500B, 7500B

#### 1.2 Other Means of Identification

Other Identifiers : Flaw Repair

### 1.3 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

**Recommended Use** : Touch-up coating for molded plastic parts.

Restrictions on Use : None Identified

### 1.4 Supplier Details

	Manufacturer Details	Supplier Details
Company Name :	Chem-Pak Inc	Chem-Pak Inc
Address :	242 Corning Way, Martinsburg, WV 25405 - United States	242 Corning Way, Martinsburg, WV 25405 - United States
Phone Number :	304-262-1880	304-262-1880
Fax Number :	304-262-9643	304-262-9643
Email :	msds@chem-pak.com	msds@chem-pak.com
Website :	http://www.chem-pak.com	http://www.chem-pak.com

### 1.5 24 hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : 800-255-3924

Chem-Tel

# **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture			
Flam. Liq. 2	H225	Physical Hazards	Flammable liquids Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Health Hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2a	H319	Health Hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Muta. 1b	H340	Health Hazards	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Carc. 1b	H350	Health Hazards	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Repr. 2	H361	Health Hazards	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Stot Se 3	H336	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3, Narcosis
Stot Re 2	H373	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Health Hazards	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	H401	Environmental Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2

#### 2.2 Label Elements

**Hazard Pictograms** 







02

GHS07

GHS08

Signal Word Danger

**Hazard Statements** H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 : Causes skin irritation



**Precautionary Statements** 

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

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H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	:	May cause genetic defects
H350	:	May cause cancer
H361	:	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401	:	Toxic to aquatic life
P202	:	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	:	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	:	Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment
P241	:	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
P242	:	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	:	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260	:	Do not breathe vapor or fumes.
P264	:	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	:	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	:	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	:	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
P301+P310	:	If swallowed: Immediately call POISON CONTROL
P303+P361+P353	:	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340	:	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338	:	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P308+P313	:	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314	:	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P331	:	Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332+P313 : If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 : In case of fire: Use water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or universal aqueous film

forming foam to extinguish.

P403+P233 : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235 : Keep cool. P405 : Store locked up.

P501 : Dispose of contents/container to local regulations

#### 2.3 Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : None Identified.

## 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity

9.64% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral) 11.03% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

12.35% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

# SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substance / Mixture

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### 3.2 Composition



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Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Xylene	1330-20-7	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic	64742-89-8	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Isopropyl Acetate	108-21-4	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Ethyl Benzene	100-41-4	2.3464	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)Ethanol	112-34-5	1 - 5	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-95-6	0.1 - 1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

\*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

## **SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### 4.1 Description of First-Aid Measures

**General Measures** : Call a physician immediately.

**Inhalation** : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

**Skin Contact** : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

**Eye Contact** : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

**First-Aid Responder Protection**: Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

#### 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms of Exposure

: Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Dermatitis, Central Nervous System Depression, Confusion, Skin Irritation, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Narcosis, Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation, Drowsiness, Vomiting, Optical Nerve Damage, Cough, Blurred Vision, Chest Tightness, Mucous Membrane, Diarrhea.



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**Delayed Effects** : No known delayed effects. **Immediate Effects** : No known immediate effects.

**Chronic Effects** : Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin sensitization.

**Target Organs** : Central Nervous System, Eyes, Liver, Nasal Cavity, Reproductive System, Respiratory System, Skin, Kidneys.

#### 4.3 **Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment**

: Treat symptomatically. Notes to Physician **Specific Treatments/Antidotes** : No Information Available.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated** : May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.

## **SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

**Extinguishing Media** : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

#### 5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

**Hazardous Combustion Products** : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors. See also Section 10.6.

**Specific Hazards During Firefighting** : CONTENTS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in

container bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to an ignition source.

#### 5.3 **Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters**

**Firefighting Instructions** : Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat developed

pressure.

**Protection during Firefighting** : Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure

# **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel : No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas.

Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove

ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel : Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency

personnel above.

#### 6.2 **Environmental Precautions**

**Environmental Precautions** Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental

contamination.

#### 6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Containment Procedures : Released content may be contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, booms, and/or absorbents.

**Cleanup Procedures** : Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not

> normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and

place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other Information : The North American Emergency Response Guidebook or similar resources providing emergency response

information for dealing with accidents, spills, leaks, and/or fires involving dangerous goods.

**Prohibited Materials** : Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

## **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 **Precautions for Safe Handling**

**General Handling Precautions** : KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. When using in spray application, conformance to NFPA 33 Spray

Application using Flammable and Combustible Materials is recommended.



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**Hygiene Recommendations** 

: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

#### 7.2 **Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities**

**Storage Requirements** 

**Control Parameters** 

8.1

: Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55  $^{\circ}$ C (120  $^{\circ}$ F), and away from heat sources. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store in open or unlabelled containers.

Incompatibilities : Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.

# **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Xylene (1330-20-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	100 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	150 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	900 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	435 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	655 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Methylhippuric Acid in Urine (Post Shift), End of shift	1.5 g/g creatinine

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	20 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	800 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	545 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	125 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	22 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	130 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	30 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Sum of Mandelic Acid and Phenyl Glyoxylic Acid in Urine, End of shift at end of workweek	0.7 g/g creatinine

Toluene (108-88-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	20 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	150 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	37 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	560 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	500 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Toluene in blood, Prior to last shift of workweek	0.02 mg/l
Biological Exposure Index	Toluene in urine, End of shift	0.03 mg/l
Biological Exposure Index	o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis), End of shift (B)	0.3 mg/g creatinine



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HA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
DSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1350 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1800 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	400 ppm
,	Cunjoiniu FLL (STLL) (ppin)	400 μμπ
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	400 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1400 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	2000 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	1400 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)Ethanol	(112-34-5)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 ppm
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	250 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	3100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	760 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	610 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	760 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm
sopropyl Acetate (108-21-4		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	100 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	200 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	950 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	1800 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	950 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	250 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	1185 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	310 ppm

Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

Eye / Face Protection

**Hand Protection** Remarks

**Skin and Body Protection** 

**Respiratory Protection** 

- : Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.
- : Chemical-resistant gloves, tested according to ASTM F903 17.
- Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to the place of work.
- : For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.
- An approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits.



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Compliance : If needed, compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

**Other Protective Equipment** : Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be

used.

**Environmental Exposure Controls** : Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Physical Properties			
Boiling Point	> 56.90 °C	Melting / Freezing Point	> -108.40 °C
Flash Point, Liquid	> -20.00 °C		
Explosive Limits	LEL: 0.80 UEL: 40.00 vol %	Autoignition Temperature, Liquid	> 190.00 °C
Flammability	Highly Flammable Liquid	Density	0.866 g/cm³
Molecular Weight	Not Available	Weight	7.227 lbs/gal
Vapor Pressure	Not Available	рН	Not Available
Vapor Density	Not Available	Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1)	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available	Partition Coefficient (Log Pow)	Not Available
Odor Threshold	Not Available	Refractive Index	Not Available
Physical State	Liquid	Heat Of Combustion	Not Available
Appearance / Color	Black	Water Solubility	Not Available
Odor	Paint-like	Decomposition Temperature	Not Available

9.2 Environmental Properties			
Percent Volatile	87.41 % wt	VOC Regulatory	742.89 g/L (6.20 lbs/gal)
Percent VOC	66.86 % wt	VOC Actual	578.99 g/L (4.83 lbs/gal)
Percent HAP	25.94 % wt	HAP Content	224.64 g/L (1.87 lbs/gal)
Global Warming Potential	0.14 GWP	Maximum Incremental Reactivity	2.1940 g O3/g
Ozone Depletion Potential	0.00 ODP		

# **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1	Reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical Stability

Chemical Stability : This product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

**Hazardous Reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to Avoid

**Conditions to Avoid** : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Hot Surfaces, Heat, Flames, Sparks, Strong Heating.

#### 10.5 Incompatible Materials

Materials to Avoid : Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Reducing Agents, Alkali Metals, Strong Acids, Aluminum, Potassium t-Butoxide, Halogen Compounds, Bases, Acid Anhydrides, Calcium Hypochlorite, Aluminum Chloride, Acids, Magnesium, Sulfuric Acid, Perchloric Acid, Chromium Trioxide, Nitrating Agents, Chlorosulfuric Acid,

Potassium Chlorate, Heavy Metals and their Salts, Phenols, Performic Acid.

#### 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

**Thermal Decomposition** : Oxides of carbon, Aldehydes, Methanol, Acetic Acid, Peroxybenzoic Acid, Benzoic Acid.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**



**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

**Reproductive Toxicity** 

STOT-Single Exposure

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11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects			
Xylene (CAS: 1330-20-7 / EC: 215-535-7)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4300 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12126 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	21.7 mg/l/4h (GESTIS Substance Database)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	6700 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)		
Ethyl Benzene (CAS: 100-41-4 / EC: 202-849-4)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4720 mg/kg (ChemInfo)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	15380 mg/kg (ChemInfo)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	17.2 mg/l/4h (IUCLID)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	4000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)		
Toluene (CAS: 108-88-3 / EC: 203-625-9)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Lit.)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12124 mg/kg (IUCLID)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (Lit.)		
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha (CAS: 64742-95-6 / E	C: 265-199-0)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	8400 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3160 mg/kg (ChemInfo)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	3670 ppm/4h (Lit.)		
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic (CAS: 64	1742-89-8 / EC: 265-192-2)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (External SDS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg (External SDS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (External SDS)		
Ethyl Acetate (CAS: 141-78-6 / EC: 205-500-4)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5620 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 18000 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	10600 ppm/4h (Cheminfo)		
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)Ethanol (CAS: 112-34-5 / EC: 203-9	61-6)		
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5660 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	4120 mg/kg (IUCLID)		
Methyl Acetate (CAS: 79-20-9 / EC: 201-185-2)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	6970 mg/kg (Lit.)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 49.28 mg/l/4h (External SDS)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	16000 - 32000 (ChemInfo)		
Isopropyl Acetate (CAS: 108-21-4 / EC: 203-561-1)			
LD50 Oral (Rat)	6750 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 17490 mg/kg (Lit.)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	50.6 mg/l/4h (Cheminfo)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	17100 ppm/4h (Cheminfo)		
Routes Of Exposure	: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption.		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic	: See Section 4.2		
Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure			
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	: Causes skin irritation.		
Eye Damage/Irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	: Not classified		

: May cause genetic defects.

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.



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**STOT-Repeated Exposure** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration Hazard** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Carcinogen Data** : The following ingredients are listed as known or suspected carcinogens:

Ethyl Benzene (CAS: 100-41-4 / EC: 202-849-4)			
IARC group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans			
ACGIH Category	A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		

# **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 12.1 Ecotoxicity and Ecological Properties

Xylene (1330-20-7)			
LC50 Fish	26.7 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h		
EC50 Daphnia	75.49 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr		
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	72 mg/l Green Algae - 14d		
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water.		
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.40 - 2.53 g O₂/g substance		
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.56 - 2.91 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	3.1 g O₂/g substance		
BCF Fish	14.1 - 24 (BCF)		
Log Pow	3.217		
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
Log Koc	3.156		

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 Fish	4.2 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia	2.4 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	9.68 mg/l Bacteria - 30min
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	4.6 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for absorption in soil.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.44 g O₂/g substance
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.1 g O₂/g substance
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	$3.17 \text{ g } O_2/\text{g}$ substance
Biodegration	81 % 28 Days
BCF Fish	1.18
Log Pow	3.15
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	2.4

Toluene (108-88-3)	
LC50 Fish	5.8 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
LC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	10 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr
EC50 Daphnia	6 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for absorption in soil.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	2.15 g O₂/g substance
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.52 g O₂/g substance
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	3.13 g O₂/g substance
Biodegration	86 % 28 Days
Log Pow	2.73 (Experimental Value)
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	2.15

Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha (64742-95-6)		
LC50 Fish	18 mg/l (LC50)	
EC50 Daphnia	21 mg/l (EC50)	
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Log Pow	>3	

Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic (64742-89-8)		
Persistence and Degradibility	Expected to be readily biodegradable. Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.	



Log Pow

Bioacculative Potential

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Part No. 7500 (Liquid)

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Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aliphatic (64742-89-8)		
Biodegration	95 % 28 Days	
Log Kow	2.1	
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)		
LC50 Fish	450 - 600 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr	
LC50 Fish	220 - 250 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h	
LC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	560 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr	
EC50 Daphnia	2300 - 3090 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr	
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	4300 mg/l Green Algae - 24hr	
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	0.293 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1.69 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	1.82 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
Biodegration	100 % 28 Days	
BCF Fish	30	
Log Pow	0.73	
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
Log Koc	0.778	
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)Ethanol (112-34-5)		
LC50 Fish	1300 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h	
EC50 Daphnia	> 100 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr	
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	> 100 mg/l Green Algae - 96hr	
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the substance	
	available. Photodegradation in the air.	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	0.25 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.08 g O₂/g substance	
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	2.173 g O₂/g substance	
Biodegration	58 % 28 Days	
BCF Fish	0.46 (BCF)	
Log Pow	0.56 (Experimental Value)	
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
Log Koc	1	
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)		
LC50 Fish	250 - 350 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr	
EC50 Daphnia	1026.7 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr	
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	> 120 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr	
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	6100 mg/l Bacteria - 30min	
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Inherently biodegradable. Highly mobile in soil.	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1511.8 mg/g	
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	1510 mg/g	
Biodegration	70 % 28 Days	
BCF Fish	< 1 (BCF)	
Log Pow	0.18	
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
Log Koc	0.68	
Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4)		
LC50 Fish	265 mg/l Golden Orfe - 96hr	
EC50 Daphnia	4150 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr	
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	0.26 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1.67 g O₂/g substance	
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	2.04 g O₂/g substance	
BCF Fish	1.8 (BCF)	
1 D -	0.00 1.3	

Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).



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## **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

**Waste Disposal** : Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed, controlled burner for fuel value. Hazard characteristics and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use and location. Accordingly, it is the

responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste material must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

Waste Disposal Of Packaging : Consult with your local landfill to determine if empty small containers can be disposed of along with regular

trash pickup. For disposal of large containers (typically 10 gallons or larger), or for containers not suitable for

landfill, a licensed reconditioner should be used.

Landfill Precautions : Not Available.
Incineration Precautions : Not Available.

### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

14.1 UN Number		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Number	:	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Proper Shipping Name	:	Paint	Paint	Paint

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Transport Hazard Class(es)	:	3	3	3

Labels : 3 - Flammable liquid 3 - Flammable liquid 3 - Flammable liquid



Not Applicable F-E, S-E

14.4 Packing Group DOT (USA) IATA (AIR) IMDG (OCEAN)

Packing Group : II II II II

Not Applicable

14.5Environmental HazardsDOT (USA)IATA (AIR)IMDG (OCEAN)Marine Pollutant:NoNoNo

#### 14.6 Special Precautions

**Precautions** : None Identified

### 14.7 Transport in Bulk

**Remarks** : Not applicable for product as supplied

# **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1 Federal Regulations

**SARA Section 313** 

**EmS Code** 

: Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	10 - 30%
Ethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	2.3464%
Toluene	CAS-No. 108-88-3	5 - 10%
1,2,4-Trimethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 95-63-6	0.1 - 1%
Chlorobenzene	CAS-No. 108-90-7	0.01 - 0.1%



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Cumene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	0.01 - 0.1%
n-Butanol	CAS-No. 71-36-3	0.01 - 0.1%
Benzene	CAS-No. 71-43-2	0.01 - 0.1%
Naphthalene	CAS-No. 91-20-3	0.0001 - 0.001%
Isopropyl Alcohol	CAS-No. 67-63-0	0.01 - 0.1%

TSCA Section 12(b)

: This product or mixture is not known to contain a chemical or chemicals subject to the export notification requirements of section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and 40 CFR Part 707, subpart D

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity** 

: Chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of Section 102 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) if released to the environment at or above the reportable quantity

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	100 lb
Ethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	1000 lb
Toluene	CAS-No. 108-88-3	1000 lb
Chlorobenzene	CAS-No. 108-90-7	100 lb
Ethyl Acetate	CAS-No. 141-78-6	5000 lb
Cumene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	5000 lb
Isobutyl Alcohol	CAS-No. 78-83-1	5000 lb
n-Butanol	CAS-No. 71-36-3	5000 lb
Isobutyl Acetate	CAS-No. 110-19-0	5000 lb
Benzene	CAS-No. 71-43-2	10 lb
Naphthalene	CAS-No. 91-20-3	100 lb

### 15.2 State Regulations

**California Proposition 65** 

: This product contains, or may contain, substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm.

Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	Cancer	Yes	2.3464 %
Cumene (98-82-8)	Cancer	Yes	0.0676 %
Carbon Black (1333-86-4)	Cancer	Yes	0.9223 %
Benzene (71-43-2)	Cancer	Yes	0.0289 %
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	Cancer	Yes	0.0006 %
Toluene (108-88-3)	Developmental Toxicity	Yes	5.1492 %
Benzene (71-43-2)	Developmental Toxicity	Yes	0.0289 %
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	No significance risk level (NSRL)	54	
Toluene (108-88-3)	No significance risk level (NSRL)	7000 μg/day	

State Right-to-Know Lists

: The following chemical(s) appear on one or more state RTK (Right to Know) lists as indicated

Xylene (1330-20-7)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Ethyl Benzene (100-41-4)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Toluene (108-88-3)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
1,2,4-Trimethyl Benzene (95-63-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Chlorobenzene (108-90-7)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
n-Butyl Methacrylate (97-88-1)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Isobutyl Methacrylate (97-86-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List



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Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Benzaldehyde (100-52-7)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Isopropyl Acetate (108-21-4)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Precipitated Silica (112926-00-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Cumene (98-82-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (34590-94-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Carbon Black (1333-86-4)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Stoddard Solvent (8052-41-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
Isobutyl Alcohol (78-83-1)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
n-Butanol (71-36-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Isobutyl Acetate (110-19-0)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Benzene (71-43-2)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
2-Butoxyethanol (111-76-2)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
Isopropyl Alcohol (67-63-0)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	

# **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

Indication of changes

Section	Changed item	Change
1	Revision date	Modified
1	Supersedes	Modified
2.1	GHS-US classification	Modified
2.2	Hazard statements (GHS US)	Modified
2.2	Precautionary statements (GHS US)	Modified
3	Composition/Information on ingredients	Modified
6	Emergency procedures	Modified
6	Environmental precautions	Modified
6	For containment	Added
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Modified
7.1	Hygiene measures	Modified
9	Auto-ignition temperature	Modified
9	Explosive limits (vol %)	Modified
9	Flash point	Modified
9	Melting point	Modified
9	Relative vapor density at 20 °C	Added
9	Specific gravity / density	Modified

#### Disclaimer of Liability

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