

Part No. 6205A (Aerosol)

Print Date: 10/10/2019 Revision Date: 10/10/2019 Supersedes Date: 10/10/2019 Issue Date: 10/10/2019

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Per-Fix™ Black for Vinyl

according to the Hazardous Products Regulations (February 11, 2015)

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name : Per-Fix™ Black for Vinyl

Manufacturer Product Number : 6205A

1.2 Other Means of Identification

Other Identifiers : Flaw Repair

1.3 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use : Touch-up coating for molded plastic parts.

Restrictions on Use : None Identified

1.4 Supplier Details

	Manufacturer Details	Supplier Details
Company Name :	Chem-Pak Inc	Chem-Pak Inc
Address :	242 Corning Way, Martinsburg, WV 25405 - United States	242 Corning Way, Martinsburg, WV 25405 - United States
Phone Number :	304-262-1880	304-262-1880
Fax Number :	304-262-9643	304-262-9643
Email :	msds@chem-pak.com	
Website :	http://www.chem-pak.com	

1.5 24 hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : ChemTel: 800-255-3924 (North America)

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture				
Flam. Aerosol 1	H222	Physical Hazards	Flammable aerosols, Category 1	
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Health Hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	
Eye Irrit. 2a	H319	Health Hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A	
Carc. 2	H351	Health Hazards	Carcinogenicity, Category 2	
Repr. 2	H361	Health Hazards	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	
Stot Se 3	Н336	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	
Stot Re 2	H373	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2	
Aquatic Acute 3	H402	Environmental Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 3	

2.2 Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms







Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements	H222	: Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H315	: Causes skin irritation.
	H319	: Causes serious eye irritation.
	Н336	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H351	: Suspected of causing cancer.
	H361	· Suspected of damaging fertility or th

H361 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



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H402 : Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements P202 : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P211

P251 : Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 : Do not breathe spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 : Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 : Avoid release to the environment.

P280 : Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P302+P352 : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 : If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P314 : Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P332+P313 : If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403 : Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 : Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

P501 : Dispose of contents/container to applicable regulations

Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : None Identified.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance / Mixture

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

3.2 Composition

Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 30	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
N-Butane	106-97-8	5 - 10	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280
Isobutane	75-28-5	5 - 10	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280



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Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1 - 5	Carc. 2, H351
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.205	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of First-Aid Measures 4.1

General Measures : If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical Skin Contact

advice/attention.

Eye Contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

: Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency. **First-Aid Responder Protection**

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed 4.2

Symptoms of Exposure : Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Dermatitis, Central Nervous System Depression, Confusion, Skin Irritation, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Narcosis, Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation, Drowsiness,

Vomiting, Optical Nerve Damage, Cough, Blurred Vision, Chest Tightness, Mucous Membrane, Diarrhea.

Delayed Effects : No known delayed effects.

Immediate Effects : No known immediate effects.

Chronic Effects Because of defatting properties, repeated skin contact can cause skin damage such as chap, dermatitis,

inflammation and the formation of eczema. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause skin sensitization.

Target Organs : Central Nervous System, Eyes, Liver, Nasal Cavity, Reproductive System, Respiratory System, Skin, Kidneys.

4.3 **Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment**

Notes to Physician : Treat symptomatically. **Specific Treatments/Antidotes** : No Information Available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated : May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Extinguishing Media : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

5.2 **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture**

Hazardous Combustion Products : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapours. See also Section 10.6.

Specific Hazards During Firefighting : Extremely flammable. Contents under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which

may result in container bursting. Vapours heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to an ignition source.

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret



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5.3 Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters

Firefighting Instructions

: Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat developed pressure.

Protection during Firefighting

: Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel

: No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill. Remove ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

: Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency personnel above.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions

: Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental contamination.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Containment Procedures

: Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.

Cleanup Procedures

: Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well. Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other Information

: Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be incinerated or burned.

Prohibited Materials

: Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions

: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors. Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst. Use only with adequate ventilation, opening doors or windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Hygiene Recommendations

: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements

: Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120°F), and away from heat sources. Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.

Incompatibilities

: Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

N-Butane (106-97-8)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	600 ppm
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	750 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	800 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	800 ppm



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N-Butane (106-97-8)		
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1000 ppm
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	1000 ppm
Propane (74-98-6)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	1000 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	1000 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
, ,	, (g,)	
Isobutane (75-28-5)	OCI TIMA (man)	200
Canada (Ontario) USA (ACGIH)	OEL TWA (ppm) ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	800 ppm 1000 ppm
,	Acon TWA (mg/m)	1000 μμπ
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1440 mg/m³
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	150 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	400 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	1440 mg/m³
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	400 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³
Canada (Alberta)	OEL STEL (ppm)	300 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL STEL (ppin) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	885 mg/m³
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
<u> </u>		
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL STEL (ppm)	300 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	100 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	300 mg/m³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	50 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	150 mg/m³
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	200 ppm
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	300 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	MEK in Urine, End of shift	2 mg/l
Toluene (108-88-3)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	188 mg/m³
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	50 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	188 mg/m³
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	20 ppm
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	150 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Toluene in blood, Prior to last shift of workweek	0.02 mg/l
Biological Exposure Index	Toluene in urine, End of shift	0.03 mg/l
Biological Exposure Index	o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis), End of shift (B)	0.03 mg/g creatinine
,		, 0.0y, y creat
Xylene (1330-20-7) Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
		434 mg/m³
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5,
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	100 ppm



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ISA (ACGIH)	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	150 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Methylhippuric Acid in Urine (Post Shift), End of shift	1.5 g/g creatinine
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	434 mg/m³
Canada (Alberta)	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	125 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	543 mg/m³
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	125 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	543 mg/m³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	100 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	434 mg/m³
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	20 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Sum of Mandelic Acid and Phenyl Glyoxylic Acid in Urine, End of shift at end of workweek	0.7 g/g creatinine
Carbon Black (1333-86-4)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m³
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	3 mg/m³
Acetone (67-64-1)		
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (ppm)	500 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1200 mg/m³
Canada (Alberta)	OEL STEL (ppm)	750 ppm
Canada (Alberta)	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m³
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL TWA (ppm)	250 ppm
Canada (British Columbia)	OEL STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL TWA (ppm)	500 ppm
Canada (Ontario)	OEL STEL (ppm)	750 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	1000 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m³)	2380 mg/m³
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	500 ppm
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m³)	1190 mg/m³
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	250 ppm
USA (ACGIH)	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	500 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Acetone in urine, End of shift (Ns)	25 mg/l

8.2 Exposure Controls

Engineering Measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye / Face Protection

: Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.

Hand Protection

 $: \ \textit{Chemical-resistant gloves, tested according to ASTM F903-17}.$

Remarks

: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to the place of work.

Skin and Body Protection

: For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to the ingredients listed in Section 2.

Respiratory Protection

: An approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits.

Compliance

: If needed, compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

Other Protective Equipment

: Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be used.

Environmental Exposure Controls

: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES



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9.1 Physical Properties			
Boiling Point	> 56.00 °C	Melting / Freezing Point	>-108.00 °C
Flash Point, Liquid	> -20.00 °C	Flash Point, Propellant	-104.44 °C
Explosive Limits	LEL: 0.70 UEL: 24.60 vol %	Autoignition Temperature, Liquid	> 190.00 °C
Flammability	Extremely Flammable Aerosol	Density	0.755 g/cm³
Molecular Weight	Not Available	Weight	6.300 lbs/gal
Vapor Pressure	Not Available	pH	Not Available
Vapor Density	Not Available	Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1)	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available	Partition Coefficient (Log Pow)	Not Available
Odor Threshold	Not Available	Refractive Index	Not Available
Physical State	Pressurized Product	Heat Of Combustion	14054.79 BTU/lb
Appearance / Color	Black	Water Solubility	Not Available
Odor	Paint-like	Decomposition Temperature	Not Available

9.2 Environmental Properties			
Percent Volatile	89.39 % wt	VOC Regulatory	681.93 g/L (5.69 lbs/gal)
Percent VOC	77.68 % wt	VOC Actual	586.45 g/L (4.89 lbs/gal)
Percent HAP	39.06 % wt	HAP Content	294.90 g/L (2.46 lbs/gal)
Global Warming Potential	1.23 GWP	Maximum Incremental Reactivity	1.4950 g O3/g

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Ozone Depletion Potential

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Chemical Stability : This product is stable.

0.00 ODP

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to Avoid : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Hot Surfaces, Heat, Flames, Sparks, Strong Heating.

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Materials to Avoid

: Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Reducing Agents, Alkali Metals, Strong Acids, Aluminum, Potassium t-Butoxide, Halogen Compounds, Bases, Calcium Hypochlorite, Aluminum Chloride, Acids, Hydrogen Peroxide, Magnesium, Sulfuric Acid, Perchloric Acid, Chromium Trioxide, Nitrating Agents, Chlorosulfuric Acid, Potassium Chlorate, Heavy Metals and their Salts, Phenols, Performic Acid.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal Decomposition : Oxides of carbon, Aldehydes, Formaldehyde, Methanol, Acetic Acid, Peroxybenzoic Acid, Benzoic Acid.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

N-Butane (CAS: 106-97-8 / EC: 203-448-7)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	658 mg/l/4h (ChemInfo)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	276000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)

Propane (CAS: 74-98-6 / EC: 200-827-9)

LC50 Inhalation (Rat) 658 mg/l/4h (Lit.)



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Isobutane (CAS: 75-28-5 / EC: 200-857-2)				
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	368000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)			
Ethyl Acetate (CAS: 141-78-6 / EC: 205-500-4)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5620 mg/kg (RTECS)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 18000 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	10600 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS: 78-93-3 / EC: 201-159-0)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	2737 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	6480 mg/kg (RTECS)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	205 mg/l/4h (ChemInfo)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	30200 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)			
Toluene (CAS: 108-88-3 / EC: 203-625-9)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Lit.)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12124 mg/kg (IUCLID)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (Lit.)			
Xylene (CAS: 1330-20-7 / EC: 215-535-7)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4300 mg/kg (RTECS)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12126 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	21.7 mg/l/4h (GESTIS Substance Data	abase)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	6700 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)			
Ethylbenzene (CAS: 100-41-4 / EC: 202-849-4)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	4720 mg/kg (ChemInfo)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	15380 mg/kg (ChemInfo)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	17.2 mg/l/4h (IUCLID)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	4000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)	4000 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)		
Carbon Black (CAS: 1333-86-4 / EC: 215-609-9)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 15400 mg/kg (RTECS)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3000 mg/kg (RTECS)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	27 mg/l/4h (ChemInfo)	27 mg/l/4h (ChemInfo)		
Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1 / EC: 200-662-2)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	5800 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	20000 mg/kg (IUCLID)	20000 mg/kg (IUCLID)		
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	76 mg/l/4h (GESTIS Substance Datab	pase)		
Routes Of Exposure	: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact,	Inhalation, Skin Absorption.		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure	: See Section 4.2			
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	: Causes skin irritation.			
Eye Damage/Irritation	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.			
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	: Not classified			
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	: Not classified			
Reproductive Toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the	e unharn child		
STOT-Single Exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
STOT-Single Exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
Aspiration Hazard	Not classified			
Vaporizer	Aerosol			
Carcinogen Data	: The following ingredients are listed as known or suspected carcinogens:			
	Ethylbenzene (CAS: 100-41-4 / EC: 202-849-4)			
		2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		

Carbon Black (CAS: 1333-86-4 / EC: 215-609-9)

A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

ACGIH Category



Theoretical Oxygen Demand

Biodegration

Log Pow

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n-Butane (106-97-8)					
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water.				
Bioconcentration Factor	33.52				
Log Pow	2.89				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
Log Koc	1.641				
Propane (74-98-6)					
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Not applicable (gas). Photodegradation in the air.				
BCF Fish	9 - 25 (BCF)				
Log Pow	2.28 (Calculated)				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
Isobutane (75-28-5)					
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Not applicable (gas).				
BCF Fish	26.62				
Log Pow	2.76				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).				
Log Koc	1.545				
Ethyl Acetate (141-78-6)					
LC50 Fish	450 - 600 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr				
LC50 Fish	220 - 250 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h				
LC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	560 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr				
EC50 Daphnia	2300 - 3090 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr				
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	4300 mg/l Green Algae - 24hr				
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil.				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	0.293 g O₂/g substance				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1.69 g O₂/g substance				
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	1.82 g O₂/g substance				
Biodegration	100 % 28 Days				
BCF Fish	30				
Log Pow	0.73				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). 0.778				
Log Koc	0.778				
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (78-93-3)					
LC50 Fish	3130 - 3320 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h				
EC50 Daphnia	7060 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr				
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions.				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	2.03 g O₂/g substance				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.31 g O ₂ /g substance				
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	2.44 g O₂/g substance				
Log Pow	0.3 (Experimental value; OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method; 40 °C)				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
Log Koc	Koc,34; Calculated value				
Toluene (108-88-3)					
LC50 Fish	5.8 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr				
LC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	10 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr				
EC50 Daphnia	6 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr				
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for absorption in soil.				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	2.15 g O₂/g substance				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.52 g O₂/g substance				
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	3 13 a O ₂ /a substance				

3.13 g O₂/g substance

2.73 (Experimental Value)

86 % 28 Days



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Toluene (108-88-3)	
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	2.15
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 Fish	26.7 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h
EC50 Daphnia	75.49 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	72 mg/l Green Algae - 14d
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.40 - 2.53 g O₂/g substance
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.56 - 2.91 g O₂/g substance
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	3.1 g O ₂ /g substance
BCF Fish	14.1 - 24 (BCF)
Log Pow	3.217
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	3.156
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 Fish	4.2 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia	2.4 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	9.68 mg/l Bacteria - 30min
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	4.6 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for absorption in soil.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.44 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical Oxygen Demand	$2.1 \text{ g O}_2/\text{g substance}$
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	3.17 g O ₂ /g substance
Biodegration	81 % 28 Days
BCF Fish	1.18
Log Pow	3.15
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Log Koc	2.4
-	
Carbon Black (1333-86-4)	
LC50 Fish	> 1000 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr
EC50 Daphnia	> 5600 mg/l Water Flea - 24hr
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	> 10000 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable
Log Pow	1.09
Bioacculative Potential	Not bioaccumulative.
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 Fish	5540 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr
LC50 Fish	8300 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h
EC50 Daphnia	8800 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability 90% / 28 days.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.43 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1.92 g O₂/g substance
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	2.2 g O₂/g substance
BCF Fish	0.69
BCF Other Aquatic Organisms	3
Log Pow	-0.24

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal

: Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

Waste Disposal Of Packaging

: In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR



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 $261.6(a)(3)(iv) \ if \ it \ is \ to \ be \ recycled. \ If \ containers \ are \ to \ be \ disposed \ of \ (not \ recycled) \ it \ must \ be \ managed$

under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

Landfill Precautions : Not Available.

Incineration Precautions : ** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number		TDG (CANADA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Number	:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name		TDG (CANADA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Proper Shipping Name	:	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)		TDG (CANADA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Transport Hazard Class(es)	:	2.1	2.1	2.1
Labels	:	None	2.1 - Flammable gas	None



Limited Quantity :



Y



EmS Code : Not Applicable Not Applicable F-D, S-U

14.4 Packing Group		TDG (CANADA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Packing Group	:	None	None	None

14.5 Environmental Hazards		TDG (CANADA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
Marine Pollutant	:	No	No	No

14.6 Special Precautions

Precautions : None Identified

14.7 Transport in Bulk

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations Specific to the Product

TSCA Inventory (United States): All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

DSL/NDSL Inventory (Canada) : All chemical substances in this product are listed on the Domestic Substance List (DSL), exempt or are not subject to notification.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes	Section	Changed item	Change
	1	Created Safety Data Sheet – Revision 1	Added

Full Text of H-Statements :	H Code	H Phrase
	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.



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H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Н336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

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